

LIPASE ENVOY

APPLICATION PARAMETERS

| PRIMARY PARAMETERS | | CHECK PARAMETERS | | SECONDARY PARAMETERS | |
|---------------------------|------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Code | LIP | Reagent Limit (mABS) | 280 | 1 st Unit Serum | U/L |
| Bar-Code | Active | Curve Acceptance (%) | 100 | 2 nd Unit Serum | Inactive |
| Code for Bar-Code | 345 | RE-RUN SERUM | | 1 st Unit Urine | N/A |
| Test Methodology | Enzyme | Test Limit (Conc) | 300 | 2 nd Unit Urine | Inactive |
| Method | Kinetic | Low Test Limit (Conc) | 0.8 | Dynamic Blank | Active |
| Kind of Process | Linear | Initial ABS (mABS) | 280 | Needle washes | [From Settings Table] |
| 1st Filter | 578 | Final ABS (mABS) | 1000 | Cuvette washes | [From Settings Table] |
| 2nd Filter | 700 | Max ABS Delta (mABS) | 300 | Special Wash | [From Settings Table] |
| Reaction direction | Increasing | Prozone Check | Inactive | Instrumental Factor | 1.000 |
| REAGENTS | | Normal Range | <u>Min</u> <u>Max</u> | Shift | 0.000 |
| Number of reagents | 2 | Man | [User defined] | Reagent Blank | Every Day |
| Reagent 1 Volume µL | 200 | Woman | [User defined] | Decimals | 0 |
| Concentrated | Inactive | Child | [User defined] | STANDARD PARAMETERS | |
| Reagent 2 Volume µL | 120 | Re-run hyperactive | Active | Factor | [Determined by Calibration] |
| Concentrated | Inactive | Re-run pathological | Inactive | Minimum | 1500 |
| SAMPLE | | RE-RUN URINE | | Maximum | 2500 |
| Name | Lipase | Test Limit (Conc) | N/A | Number of Samples | 1 |
| Sample µL | 4 | Low Test Limit (Conc) | N/A | Max Var. (%) | 10 |
| Pre-Dilution 1: | 1 | Initial ABS (mABS) | N/A | Timed Re-run | Each / 28 days |
| Post-Dilution 1: | 10 | Final ABS (mABS) | N/A | N. replicates | 3 |
| TIMES | | Max ABS Delta (mABS) | N/A | Reagent ABS | [Determined by Envoy] |
| Sample Starter | Inactive | Prozone Check | Inactive | Pos. | [From settings table] |
| Delay Time | 0 | Normal Range | <u>Min</u> <u>Max</u> | Conc. | [From calibrator labeling] |
| Reading Time | 180 | Man | N/A | ABS | [Determined by Envoy] |
| Reagent 1 Incubation Time | 240 | Woman | N/A | % last calibration | 100 |
| Reagent 2 Incubation Time | 60 | Child | N/A | | |
| | | Re-run hyperactive | Inactive | | |
| | | Re-run pathological | Inactive | | |

PROGRAMMING INSTRUCTIONS

Detailed instructions for programming reagent parameters are provided in the Envoy 500 Operator Manual and Envoy500 Settings Table.

If the Envoy 500 Chemistry System is not pre-programmed, a LIP code must first be added before the parameters can be entered. On the menu bar, select «Test → Test Directory.» A new window will open up listing all the codes for the tests that are installed on the instrument. Click on the «New Code» button, type «LIP» into the Code field and select «Save.»

To program the application parameters, check the box next to the code for the Lipase test, and select the «Parameters» button located at the bottom of the window. To program standard information, click the «Standards» button located at the bottom of the window.

LIPASE ENVOY

Product no. LPSL-0850

For *in vitro* diagnostic use

CAUTION : Federal Law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a licensed healthcare practitioner (Rx ONLY)

INTENDED USE

LIPASE ENVOY is for the quantitative *in vitro* diagnostic determination of Lipase in human serum and plasma on Envoy 500 Series Analyzers. Measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases of the pancreas such as acute pancreatitis and obstruction of the pancreatic duct.

It is not intended for use in Point of Care settings.

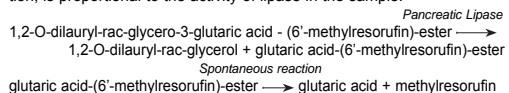
CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE ⁽¹⁻³⁾

Lipase is a digestive enzyme of 48 kDa released by the pancreas which catalyses the hydrolysis of glycerol esters from triglycerides to form a monoglyceride and free fatty acids chains. Analysis of the activity of the lipase is mainly used in the diagnosis of the pancreatic disease (acute or chronic pancreatitis and their complication, carcinoma). During acute pancreatitis, a transitory increase of the activity of lipase is observed after 4 to 8h, reaches a peak after 24h, the activity returning normal after 8 to 14 days. However, an increase of the activity of lipase is also observed in other intra-abdominal pathologies: acute cholecystitis, pancreatic duct obstruction. Patients with a reduced glomerular filtration rate have also a increased lipase activity.

METHODOLOGY ^(4,5)

Colorimetric- Kinetic.

The method for the determination of lipase is based on the cleavage of specific chromogenic lipase substrate 1,2-O-dilauryl-rac-glycero-3-glutaric acid-(6-methylresorufin) ester (DGGM) emulsified in stabilized micro-particles. In the presence of specific activators of pancreatic lipase as colipase, calcium ions and bile acids, the substrate is converted to 1,2-O-dilauryl-rac-glycerol and glutaric acid-(6-methylresorufin)ester which decomposes spontaneously to glutaric acid and methylresorufin. The increase of absorbance at 578 nm, due to methylresorufin formation, is proportional to the activity of lipase in the sample.



REAGENTS

COMPOSITION

LIPASE Reagent R1 contains : 50 mmol/L BICIN*buffer, pH 8.0; ≥ 0.9 mg/L Colipase (Porcine Pancreas); 1.6 mmol/L Sodium deoxycholate ; 10 mmol/L Calcium chloride ; < 0.1% Sodium azide; Detergent.

LIPASE Reagent R2 contains : 10 mmol/L Tartrate buffer, pH 4.16 (± 0.15); 0.27 mmol/L 1,2-O-dilauryl-rac-glycero-3-glutaric acid (6-methylresorufin)-ester; 8.8 mmol/L Taurodeoxycholate; Detergent; Preservative.

*BICIN= N,N-bis(2-hydroxyethyl)glycine

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

- This reagent is for professional *in vitro* diagnostic use only.
- Take normal precautions and adhere to good laboratory practice.
- Use clean or single use laboratory equipment only to avoid contaminations.
- The reagent R1 contains sodium azide, which may react with lead or copper plumbing to form potentially explosive metal azides. When disposing of these reagent always flush with copious amounts of water to prevent azide buildup.
- Dispose of contents in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations.

- For more information, Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is available on request for professional user.

PREPARATION

LIPASE Reagent is ready for use on the Envoy 500 Analyzer as packaged.

STORAGE AND STABILITY

Store this reagent at 2 to 8 °C and protected from light. Do not freeze. Unopened reagents are stable to the expiration dates on the bottle labels. The reagent is stable for 28 days onboard the Envoy 500 Analyzer.

SPECIMENS ⁽⁶⁾

COLLECTION AND STORAGE

Fresh unhemolyzed serum or lithium heparinized plasma are preferred specimens. Do not analyze whole blood.

According to Good Laboratory Practice venipuncture should be performed prior to the administration of drugs.

For best results, use only fresh specimens. Lipase in samples are stable 7 days at room temperature, 3 weeks at 2-8 °C and 1 year at -20 °C.

PROCEDURE

MATERIALS PROVIDED

The LIPASE ENVOY Reagent Kit includes the following components:

- 2 x 19.2 mL boats of Envoy 500 LIPASE Reagent 1
- 2 x 11.8 mL bottles of Envoy 500 LIPASE Reagent 2

MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- ELICAL 2, calibrator (product no. CALI-0580).
- ELITROL I, control serum (product no. CONT-0080).
- ELITROL II, control serum (product no. CONT-0180).
- Envoy 500 Wash Solution Kit (product no. 55152).
- Normal saline.
- Analyzer specific consumables
- General Laboratory Equipment.

REAGENT INSTALLATION AND USE

Program the instrument using the application parameters and programming instructions provided at the end of this Instructions For Use.

Refer to the Operator Manual for additional information on installing reagents and programming the analyzer, and running samples, and controls.

The LIPASE ENVOY is pre-assembled and ready to use as packaged.

Envoy 500 Wash Solution Kit (product no. 55152) must be installed in the Basic wash position and Special Wash must be programmed as indicated in the Envoy 500 Settings Table.

Small bottles may become separated from large boats during shipping. If this occurs snap the small bottle back onto the large reagent boat before continuing.

Do not remove the caps from the bottles until you are ready to install the reagent on the analyzer. Before installing, mix the reagents by gently inverting the reagent boats several times. Record the installation date on the label and insert the unit into the designated position on the reagent tray. Let the reagent equilibrate on the instrument for at least 30 minutes before use.

CALIBRATION

Calibrate the instrument after loading new reagent lot, after maintenance and whenever quality control results fall outside established limits. Under typical use conditions, calibration factors for this test are valid for 28 days. Refer to the Operator Manual for calibration procedures.

QUALITY CONTROL

Quality control requirements should be established in accordance with local, state and/or federal regulations or accreditation requirements.

Assay at least two levels of serum control daily. Serum Controls for Envoy 500 level 1 and level 2 may be used. Controls should also be assayed after maintaining the instrument and after loading a new reagent unit.

Controls may be assayed more frequently based on laboratory workflow and the discretion of the user.

CALCULATIONS

All calculations are performed by the instrument.

To calculate the result in SI units ($\mu\text{kat/L}$), multiply the result in conventional units (U/L) by 0.0167.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

MEASURING RANGE

Determined according to CLSI⁽⁸⁾ EP6-A protocol, the measuring range is listed below. Samples that exceed the upper limit should be diluted 1:10 with NaCl 9 g/L solution (normal saline) and re-assayed. This extended measuring range was confirmed in a study where a high activity of lipase was spiked into native serum samples. The recovery observed did not exceed the expected recovery by $\geq\pm 10\%$.

The «Re-run hyperactive» function performs the dilution automatically. Results take the dilution into account.

| Range | Conventional Units | SI Units |
|-------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|
| Default | 5.0 to 300.0 U/L | 0.08 to 5.00 $\mu\text{kat/L}$ |
| Hyperactive | 300.0 to 3000.0 U/L | 5.00 to 50.00 $\mu\text{kat/L}$ |

LIMIT OF DETECTION (LOD) AND LIMIT OF QUANTIFICATION (LOQ)

Determined according to CLSI⁽⁹⁾ EP17-A protocol, the LoD is 0.8 U/L (0.01 $\mu\text{kat/L}$) and LoQ is 5.0 U/L (0.08 $\mu\text{kat/L}$).

EXPECTED VALUES ⁽⁷⁾

Published Lipase reference ranges are listed below. Use these ranges only as guides. Each laboratory should establish its own reference ranges.

| Reference Range | Conventional Units | SI Units |
|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| Serum/plasma (37°C) | 13 - 60 U/L | 0.22 - 1.00 $\mu\text{kat/L}$ |

PRECISION

Determined according to CLSI⁽¹⁰⁾ EP5-A2 protocol.

| Sample | n | Mean | | Within-run | Total |
|---------|----|------|-------------------|------------|-------|
| | | U/L | $\mu\text{kat/L}$ | CV (%) | |
| Level 1 | 80 | 31 | 0.52 | 1.9 | 5.5 |
| Level 2 | 80 | 58 | 0.97 | 1.9 | 4.6 |
| Level 3 | 80 | 232 | 3.87 | 1.5 | 5.3 |

METHOD COMPARISON

A comparative study has been performed between an Envoy500 Analyzer and an FDA-approved system equipment (IFCC method) on 101 human serum samples according to CLSI⁽¹¹⁾ EP9-A2 protocol.

The sample activity was between 5.0 and 298.0 U/L (0.08 and 4.97 $\mu\text{kat/L}$).

The parameters of the linear regressions are as follows :

Correlation coefficient: (r) = 0.999

Linear regression: y = 1.027x + 1 U/L (0.02 $\mu\text{kat/L}$)

LIMITATIONS / INTERFERING SUBSTANCES

- Do not report results outside of the usable range.

- The results of this assay should only be interpreted in conjunction with other diagnostic test results, clinical findings and the patient's medical history.

- Studies have been performed to determine the level of interference from different compounds according to CLSI⁽¹²⁾ EP7-A2 protocol. Recovery is within $\pm 10\%$ of initial value of Lipase activity of 30.0, 40.0 and 240.0 U/L.

Unconjugated Bilirubin : No significant interference up to 30.0 mg/dL (513 $\mu\text{mol/L}$).

Conjugated Bilirubin: No significant interference up to 29.5 mg/dL (504 $\mu\text{mol/L}$).

Triglycerides: No significant interference up to 2082 mg/dL (23.53 mmol/L).

Hemoglobin: No significant interference up to 50.0 mg/dL.

Ascorbic acid: No significant interference up to 20.0 mg/dL (1136 $\mu\text{mol/L}$).

Acetylsalicylic acid: No significant interference up to 200 mg/dL.

Acetaminophen: No significant interference up to 30 mg/dL.

- In very rare cases, monoclonal gammopathies (multiple myeloma), in particular IgM type (Waldenström's macroglobulinemia) can cause unreliable results.⁽¹³⁾

- Many other compounds may interfere.⁽¹⁴⁻¹⁶⁾

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GLOSSARY OF SYMBOLS

| | | | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|--|----------------------------|--|------------------------|
| | Contents | | Manufacturer | | Catalog No. |
| | Batch Code | | See instruction for use | | Use by |
| | Date opened /Installation date | | In vitro diagnostic device | | Temperature Limitation |
| | Number of days onboard stability | | Reagent 1 | | Reagent 2 |
| | Keep away from sunlight | | | | |

: Modification from previous version